ONE WORD SUBSTITUTION

One Word Substitution simply means using a specific word to replace a wordy phrase or sentence and making it shorter, concise and clearer to understand. This way, the word becomes identical to the sentence, thus providing the same meaning as the wordy sentence.

How to Solve One Word Substitution

These can be solved by identifying its 'root word' or core meaning and then identifying the **prefix and suffix**. Many words like anthropology come from the root word *anthropos*, which means humans. (Here, 'anthro' is the prefix and 'ology' is the suffix.)

Hence, anthropology means the study of humanity. To gain mastery in understanding root words, you should be familiar with the etymology and linguistics of the words.

Some Interesting Facts

'ology' is the most common suffix in science, which means 'a branch of knowledge'.

Examples: Psychology, Biology

Another common suffix is 'cracy', which comes from the Greek word 'crat', which means 'rule or government'.

Examples: Autocracy, Democracy

1. Of one mind or opinion

Out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentences.

	1					
	(a) Voluntary	(b) Referendum	(c)	Homogenous	(d)	Unanimous
2.	One who is always doubting					
	(a) Sceptic	(b) Deist	(c)	Rationalist	(d)	Positivist
3.	A professional soldier hire	d to serve in a foreign arm	y			
	(a) Mercenary	(b) Liquidator	(c)	Venal	(d)	Hireling
4.	The practice of having ma	ny wives				
	(a) Bigamy	(b) Calligraphy	(c)	Polygamy	(d)	Polyandry
5.	A person who abstains completely from alcoholic drin					
	(a) Teetotaller	(b) Derelict	(c)	Subjunctive	(d)	Incriminatory
6.	Person who files a suit					
	(a) Charger	(b) Suitor	(c)	Plaintiff	(d)	Accuse
7.	A place where birds are kept					
	(a) Aviary	(b) House	(c)	Aquarium	(d)	Apiary
8.	3. Governed by a sense of duty					
	(a) Conscious	(b) Sensible	(c)	Intelligent	(d)	Conscientious
9.	A person who lives by him	self				
	(a) Monk	(b) Recluse	(c)	Extrovert	(d)	Prophet

10.	. An obviously true or hackneyed statement						
	(a) Truism	(b) Syllogism	(c)	Iconic	(d)	Imagism	
11.	A person of obscure posit	ion who has gained wealth					
	(a) Extravagant	(b) Promiscuous	(c)	Parvenu	(d)	Sumptuary	
12.	Property inherited from or	ne's father or ancestors					
	(a) Alimony	(b) Patrimony	(c)	Voluntary	(d)	Armistice	
13.	One who performs daring	gymnastic feats					
	(a) Athlete	(b) Juggler	(c)	Acrobat	(d)	Conjuror	
14.	Rebellion against lawful a	uthority					
	(a) Mutiny	(b) Coup	(c)	Revolution	(d)	Dissidence	
15.	Soldiers who fight on hor	seback					
	(a) Infantry	(b) Cavalry	(c)	Artillery	(d)	Armoured	
16.	A man who wastes his mo	oney on luxury					
	(a) Extempore	(b) Thrifty	(c)	Promiscuous	(d)	Extravagant	
17.	To write under a different	name		620			
	(a) Anonymous	(b) Biography	(c)	Pseudonym	(d)	Masquerade	
18.	Fluent and clear in speech	1		*			
	(a) Articulate	(b) Enthusiastic	(c)	Emotional	(d)	Confident	
19.	An apartment building in	which each apartment is ow	ned	separately by the people	livi	ng in it but also	
	contains shared areas						
	(a) Condominium	(b) Multiplex	(c)	Duplex	(d)	Caravan	
20.	Operation of the body after	er death					
	(a) Post-mortem	(b) Obituary	(c)	Homage	(d)	Mortuary	
21.	Fear of being enclosed in	a small, closed space					
	(a) Closophobia	(b) Clusterophobia	` ′	Claustrophobia	(d)	Liftophobia	
22.	A person who thinks only	about himself and not about					
	(a) Egocentric	(b) Egomaniacal	. ,	Egoistic	(d)	Egotistic	
23.	A raised place on which of	offerings to a God are made					
	(a) Mound	(b) Rostrum	(c)	Church	(d)	Altar	
24.	Chanting of magic spells						
	(a) Narration	(b) Recitation	(c)	Incantation	(d)	Utterance	
25.	A study of the human race						
	(a) Anthropology	(b) Archaeology	(c)	Ethnology	(d)	Etymology	
26.	An expert in the area of the	he fine or other arts					
	(a) Neophyte	(b) Amateur	(c)	Connoisseur	(d)	Enthusiast	
27.	That cannot be conquered				,		
	(a) Invincible	(b) Invulnerable	(c)	Intangible	(d)	Inevitable	
28.	Bitter and violent attack in						
	(a) Loquacious	(b) Stubborn	(c)	Diatribe	(d)	Epicurean	

29	. An inscription on a tomb)				
	(a) Espionage	(b) Epilogue	(c)) Epitaph	(d) Elegy
30.	Release of a prisoner fro	m jail on certain terms and	cond	litions		
	(a) Parole	(b) Parley	(c)	Pardon	(d)) Acquittal
31.	An object or portion serv	ing as a sample				
	(a) Specification	(b) Spectre	(c)	Spectacle	(d)) Specimen
32.	That which can be seen to	through				
	(a) Magical	(b) Opaque	(c)	Transparent	(d)	Invisible
33.	That which cannot be tak	ten by force				
	(a) Impregnable	(b) Inapprehensible	(c)	Inaccessible	(d)	Immutable
34.	Impossible or extremely of	difficult to understand				
	(a) Inevitable	(b) Incomprehensible	(c)	Incompatible	(d)	Inaudible
35.	Willing to be guided or c	ontrolled				
	(a) Abominable	(b) Amenable	(c)	Adamant	(d)	Adorable
36.	A group of singers in a c	hurch				
	(a) Band	(b) Host	(c)	Choir	(d)	Troop
37.	The original inhabitants o	f a country				
	(a) Immigrants	(b) Aborigines	(c)	Residents	(d)	Slaves
38.	A person or thing that has	s the same name as another		ω.		
	(a) Namesake	(b) Relative	(c)	Pseudonym	(d)	Successor
39.	People who enjoy social of	company				
	(a) Herbivorous	(b) Gregarious	(c)	Gorgeous	(d)	Unanimous
40.	A group of stars found clo	ose together				
	(a) Confederation	(b) Constellation		Concoction	(d)	Conflagration
41.		up that rules a country after	r taki	ng power by force		
	(a) Junta	(b) Suffrage	(c)	Emancipation	(d)	Egalitarianism
42.	A person who lives outsid	e his native country				
	(a) Indgenous	(b) Natal		Expatriate	(d)	Intrinsic
43.		judgements and take quick	decis	ions		
	(a) Puerility	(b) Acumen	(c)	Stupor	(d)	Sanity
44.	Medical study of skin and					
	(a) Endocrinology	(b) Gynaecology		Dermatology	(d)	Orthopaedics
45.		or objects speak and give a	who	lesome moral lesson		
	(a) Parable	(b) Fable	(c)	Allegory	(d)	Legend
	A person who enters without					
	(a) Burglar	(b) Intruder		Vandal	(d)	Thief
		eputation by any slanderous	com	munication		
		(b) Defamation	(c)	Misrepresentation	(d)	Orchestration
	One who is concerned with					
	(a) Altruist	(b) Egoist	(c)	Hedonist	(d)	Ascetic

49.	Opinion contrary to accept	ed doctrines.						
	(a) Controversy	(b) Convention	(c)	Advocacy	(d)	Heresy		
50.	A person who agrees to work for somebody in order to learn a skill							
	(a) Apprentice	(b) Assistant	(c)	Pupil	(d)	Lackey		
51.	To examine one's own tho	ughts and feelings						
	(a) Meditation	(b) Retrospection	(c)	Reflection	(d)	Introspection		
52.	The state of being married							
	(a) Monogamy	(b) Bigamy	(c)	Polygamy	(d)	Matrimony		
53.	To cause troops, etc. to sp	read out in readiness for ba						
	(a) Align	(b) Collocte	(c)	Deploy	(c)	Disperse		
54.	The policy of extending a	country's empire and influe						
	(a) Imperialism	(b) Capitalism	` '	Internationalism	(d)	Communism		
55.	List of headings of the bu	siness to be transacted at a						
	(**)	(b) Agenda	` '	Proceedings	(d)	Excerpts		
56.	The place where public, g	overnment or historical reco						
	(a) Coffer	(b) Pantry	(c)	Scullery	(d)	Archives		
57.	A post without remunerati				<i>(</i> 1)	* .		
	(a) Voluntary	(b) Sinecure	(c)	Honorary	(d)	Involuntary		
58.	To send an unwanted pers				<i>(</i> 1)	E atriata		
	(a) Exclude	(b) Ostracise	(c)	Deport	(d)	Expatriate		
59.	A government run by a di	ctator			<i>(</i> 1)	TTIL		
	(a) Democracy	(b) Autocracy	٠,	Oligarchy	(a)	Theocracy		
60.	One who is determined to	exact full vengeance for w			(4)	Viscolant		
	(a) Vindicator	(b) Usurer	(c)	Vindictive	(a)	Virulent		
61.	A person living permanen		, ,		(4)	Cultinat		
	(a) Native	(b) Resident	(c)	Domicile	(a)	Subject		
62.	To slap with a flat object			C1	(4)	Cmay		
	(a) Hew	(b) Swat	(c)	Chop	(a)	Gnaw		
63.	An associate in an office			G 11	(4)	Accomplice		
	(a) Companion	(b) Ally	, ,	Colleague	` '	•		
64.		ave a great love for and un	ders	tanding of what is beauti	(d)	n nature, art, etc.		
	(a) Critic	(b) Aesthete	(c)	Connoisseur	(u)	Artist		
65.	A disease which spreads b		(-)	Continuous	(4)	Contextual		
	(a) Infectious	(b) Contagious		Contiguous	(u)	Contextual		
66.		at God is everything and ev			(4)	Pantechnicon		
	(a) Agnostic	(b) Theist	(c)	Pantheist	(u)	Tancemneon		
67.	Words different in meaning		()	A anomyres	(4)	Antonym		
	(a) Homonym	(b) Synonym	, ,	Acronym	` ′			
68.	Simplest filled smallest for disease	orm of plant life, present in	tne	air, water and soil; essen				
	(a) Virus	(b) Amoeba	(c)	Bacteria	(d)	Toxin		

69.	Relationship by blood or birth							
	(a) Parentage	(c)	Consanguinity	(d)	Nepotism			
70.	Opposed to great or sudde							
	(a) Static	(b) Revolutionary	(c)	Evolutionary	(d)	Conservative		
71.	One who cannot die							
	(a) Stable	(b) Immortal	(c)	Perpetual	(d)	Perenial		
72.	72. Language difficult to understand because of bad form							
	(a) Rhetoric	(b) Jargon	(c)	Pedantic	(d)	Verbatim		
73.	A short stay at a place							
	(a) Halt	(c)	Intermission	(d)	Sojourn			
74.	One who loves mankind							
	(a) Anthropologist (b) Philanthropist (c) Seismolo				(d)	Optometrist		
75.	A child who stays away fr	om school without any goo	d re	ason				
	(a) Vagabond	(b) Delinquent	(c)	Schizophrenic	(d)	Truant		
76.	A person who rules without	at consulting the opinion of	othe	ers				
	(a) Democrat	(b) Bureaucrat	(c)	Autocrat	(d)	Fanatic		
77.	A sudden rush of wind							
	(a) Gale	(b) Typhoon	(c)	Gust	(d)	Storm		
78.	An unexpected stroke of g							
	(a) Fortune	(b) Windfall	(c)	Boon	(d)	Breakthrough		
79.	A person who helps you b	reak the law						
	(a) Spy	Ally	(d)	Accomplice				
80.	30. Stealing from the writings of others							
	(a) Copying	(b) Reframing	(c)	Reproducing	(d)	Plagiarism		
81.	Constant effort to achieve	something						
	(a) Perseverance	(b) Attempt	(c)	Enthusiasm	(d)	Vigour		
82.	A place where a wild anim	nal lives						
	(a) Forest	(b) Stable	(c)	Lair	(d)	Sanctuary		
83.	One who lends money at a	high rate of interest						
	(a) Solvent	(b) Uxorious	(c)	Usurer	(d)	Shylock		
84.	Government by the Gods							
	(a) Plutocracy	(b) Theocracy	(c)	Pantisocracy	(d)	Thearchy		
85.	One who compiles a diction	nary						
	(a) Calligrapher	(b) Lexicographer	(c)	Editor	(d)	Compiler		
86.	One who deserts his religio	on						
	(a) Deserter	(b) Turn-coat	(c)	Fanatic	(d)	Apostate		
87.	A woman whose husband is	s dead						
	(a) Virgin	(b) Spinster	(c)	Wedlock	(d)	Widow		

88.	One who uses fe	-	_								
	(a) Terrorist	,) Militant		(c) Ex	tremist		(d)	Anarchist		
89.	One desirous of										
	(a) Avaracious		Voraciou Voraciou		(c) Ga	rrulous		(d)	Greedy		
90.	Loss of power to							<i>(</i> 1)	T		
	(a) Rheumatism	, ,	Paralysi	S	(c) Ecz	zema		(a)	Leprosy		
91.	A man of odd ha				() T (<i>(</i> 1)	N 1		
	(a) Eccentric		Cynical		(c) Int	rovert		(a)	Moody		
92.	A thing or person				() T 1			(4)	A4:4a	.1	
	(a) Lazy		Sluggish		(c) Ind	lolent		(a)	Antiquate	a	
93.	Deriving pleasure				(-) D:-			(4)	Manahin		
	(a) Sadism	1, 1	Malevol		(c) Big			(a)	Masochis	m	
94.	One filled with e			enthusiasm				(A)	Dataint		
	(a) Martyr		Pedant		(c) Far	natic		(a)	Patriot		
95.	Time after twilight				(a) D.	_1_	927	(4)	Valinas		
	(a) Evening		Dawn		(c) Du	SK		(a)	Eclipse		
96.	Animals living or			•	(a) A			(4)	A mhizzala	nt	
	(a) Ambiguous	, ,	Amphib		(c) An	norphous		(a)	Ambivale	nı	
97.	A light sailing bo		-	racing	(c) Yao	aht.		(4)	Frigate		
00	(a) Dinghy	` '	Canoe		(c) Tac	ant		(u)	Tilgate		
98.	A house for stori		Ctoro		(c) Go	down		(4)	Granary		
00	(a) Cellar	` ′	Store	his slothes				(u)	Granary		
99.	A man who pays		Duffer	ms clothes	and person (c) Dar		ice	(d)	Licentious		
100	(a) Snob	` '		to and value		ildy		(u)	Diccinion	,	
100.	A person concern (a) Pragmatist	_	Realist	is and value	(c) Pla	giarist		(d)	Fundamer	ntalist	
	(a) Fragiliatist	(0)	Realist		(0) 110			(u)	T directive		
				ANS	WERS						
	1. (d) 2. (a)	3. (a)	4. (c)	5. (a)	6. (c)	7. (a)	8. (d)		9. (b)	10.	
	l. (c) 12. (b)	13. (c)	14. (a)	15. (b)	16. (d)	17. (c)	18. (a)		19. (a)	20.	
	1. (c) 22. (a)	23. (d)	24. (c)	25. (a)	26. (c)	27. (a)	28. (c) 38. (a)		29. (c) 39. (b)	30. 40.	
	1. (d) 32. (c)	33. (a) 43. (b)	34. (b) 44. (c)	35. (b) 45. (b)	36. (d) 46. (b)	37. (b) 47. (b)	48. (a)		49. (d)	50.	
	1. (a) 42. (c) 1. (d) 52. (d)	53. (c)	54. (a)	55. (b)	56. (d)	57. (c)	58. (c)		59. (b)	60.	
	1. (a) 52. (d) 1. (b) 62. (b)	63. (c)	64. (b)	65. (b)	66. (c)	67. (a)	68. (c)		69. (c)	70.	
	l. (b) 72. (b)	73. (d)	74. (b)	75. (d)	76. (c)	77. (c)	78. (b)		79. (d)	80.	
	l. (b) 82. (c)	83. (c)	84. (b)	85. (b)	86. (d)	87. (d)	88. (a)		89. (a)	90.	(b)
91	1. (a) 92. (d)	93. (a)	94. (c)	95. (c)	96. (b)	97. (c)	98. (d)		99. (c)	100.	(a)